

# **CORPORATE PRESENTATION**

24 February 2021















## FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This presentation contains forward looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward looking statements are reasonable at this time, Neuren can give no assurance that these expectations will prove to be correct. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated. Reasons may include risks associated with drug development and manufacture, risks inherent in the regulatory processes, delays in clinical trials, risks associated with patent protection, future capital needs or other general risks or factors.



### **PIVOTAL YEAR FOR NEUREN IN 2021**

- 5 Orphan Drug indications in clinical development:
  - Rett syndrome in Phase 3 funded by US partner, results in H2 2021
  - Phase 2 trials in 3 disorders commencing in 2021
  - Serious neurological disorders in children, no approved therapies
  - Orphan drugs have higher probability of approval and commercial advantages
- Trofinetide partnered with ACADIA (NASDAQ:ACAD) for North America
  - Up to US\$455m milestone payments
  - Double digit % royalties
  - One third of RPD Priority Review Voucher value
  - ACADIA funds all development
  - Neuren has free access to US data for ex-North America registration
- NNZ-2591 advancing for 4 indications global rights retained



# **PRODUCT PIPELINE**

Compound	Indication	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Commercial Partner
Trofinetide	Rett syndrome <sup>1</sup>				Results H2 2021	(North America)
	Fragile X syndrome <sup>1</sup>					(North America)
NNZ-2591	Phelan- McDermid syndrome <sup>2</sup>			Commence 2021		
	Angelman syndrome <sup>2</sup>			Commence 2021		
	Pitt Hopkins syndrome <sup>2</sup>			Commence 2021		
	Prader-Willi syndrome			ТВА		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Orphan Drug designation in US and EU, Fast Track designation in US

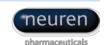
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Orphan Drug designation in US and EU



### **COMMERCIAL ADVANTAGES OF ORPHAN DRUGS**

Compared with existing markets that have apparently attractive large \$ sales in which established products have to be displaced, Orphan Drugs have many commercial advantages:

- Ability to target a leadership position with little competition
- Higher pricing
- Serious and urgent unmet need results in more supportive regulatory environment
- Strong support from patient community and leading physicians
- Immediate access to known patients means large sales organisation less important
- Smaller and fewer Phase 3 trials
- Statistics show higher probability of regulatory approval
- Regulatory exclusivity periods eliminate patent risk



### **ESTIMATES OF TARGET PATIENT POPULATIONS**

Disorder	Gene	Published prevalence	Potential patients		
	mutation	estimates	US <sup>1</sup>	Europe <sup>1</sup>	Asia <sup>1, 2</sup>
Trofinetide:					
Rett	MECP2	1/10,000 to 1/15,000 females	10,000	13,000	37,000
Fragile X	FMR1	1/4,000 to 1/7,000 males 1/12,000 to 1/22,000 females	30,000	38,000	112,000
NNZ-2591:					
Phelan- McDermid	SHANK3	1/8,000 to 1/15,000 males and females	22,000	28,000	81,000
Angelman	UBE3A	1/12,000 to 1/24,000 males and females	14,000	18,000	52,000
Pitt Hopkins	TCF4	1/34,000 to 1/41,000 males and females	7,000	9,000	25,000
Prader-Willi	15q11-q13	1/10,000 to 1/30,000 males and females	13,000	16,000	47,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimates derived by applying the mid-point of the prevalence estimate range to the populations under 60 years

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Asia comprises Japan, Korea, Taiwan, Israel and urban populations of China and Russia



### THREE KEY DRIVERS OF FUTURE VALUE

Realise Neuren's share of trofinetide value in the US through ACADIA's Phase 3 results and New Drug Application

Implement commercial strategy for trofinetide ex-North America, using US data for registration

Confirm efficacy of NNZ-2591 in Phase 2 trials for 3 valuable indications



- Phase 3 results H2 2021
- Potential US approval 2022
- EMA interactions 2021
- Execute commercial strategy in Europe and Asia 2021/22
- Submit IND H1 2021
- Start Phase 2 2021
- □ Phase 2 results 2022



### **2021 MILESTONES**

- ✓ EU Orphan designations for Phelan-McDermid, Angelman, and Pitt Hopkins
- ✓ Successful Phase 1 trial results for NNZ-2591
- ✓ Prader-Willi syndrome added to NNZ-2591 pipeline
   Complete drug substance manufacturing for NNZ-2591 Phase 2
   Submit NNZ-2591 INDs to FDA
  - Complete enrolment in trofinetide Rett syndrome Phase 3
  - Commence NNZ-2591 Phase 2 trials
  - Orphan designation in US and EU for Prader-Willi syndrome Trofinetide Rett syndrome Phase 3 results

# TROFINETIDE FOR RETT SYNDROME



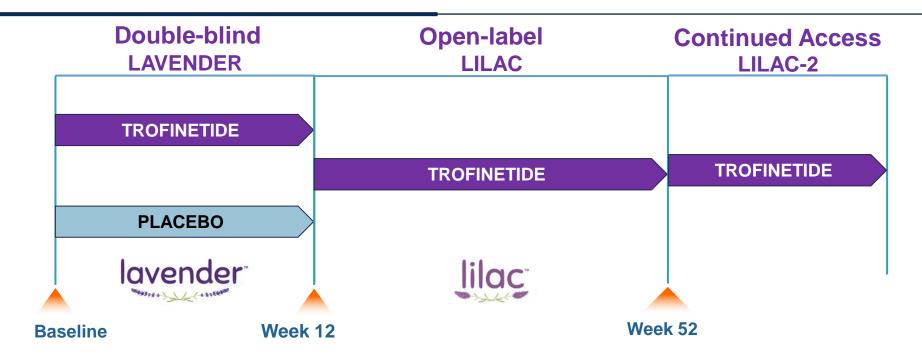
### TROFINETIDE LICENCE AGREEMENT WITH ACADIA

- Partnership commenced in August 2018, providing the necessary funding and capabilities to execute Phase 3 and commercialise trofinetide in the US
- Redacted agreement is available in ACADIA's 2018 10K filing

Territory	North America (Neuren retains all rights ex-North America)
Indications	All, including Rett syndrome and Fragile X syndrome
Future development costs	Funded by ACADIA
Use of data	Each party has free and full access to all data for use in its territory
Development Milestones	US\$105m on achievement of 5 milestones across Rett and Fragile X
Commercial Milestones	US\$350m on achievement of 4 thresholds for total annual net sales
Royalties	Double-digit % royalties with % escalating in 4 tiers of total annual net sales
Rare Pediatric Disease Priority Review Voucher	Neuren receives 1/3 of voucher market value (2019 sale average US\$100m)
Non-compete	Neuren may not develop a competing product in indications for which ACADIA develops and commercialises trofinetide



### **RETT SYNDROME PHASE 3 PROGRAM**



- 180 females aged 5 to 20 years
- RSBQ (caregiver) and CGI-I (physician) at 12 weeks are co-primary efficacy endpoints both were positive in the Phase 2 trial
- Continuing strong support from leading physicians and Rettsyndrome.org
- Lavender results expected in H2 2021, potential marketing approval in 2022



### **MAXIMISING PROBABILITY OF SUCCESS**

- The Phase 3 co-primary endpoints were both positive in the Phase 2 trial
- In the Phase 2 trial clinical improvement continued increasing through to end of treatment - the Phase 3 trial at 12 weeks is twice the duration of the Phase 2 trial
- The Phase 3 sample size at approx. 90 per group is more than 3 times the Phase 2 sample size much greater statistical power to detect a difference between active and placebo
- The dosing regimen in the active group for the Phase 3 trial is optimised, informed by the PK-PD analyses of the Phase 2 subjects
- The age range for the Phase 3 trial is 5 to 20 years, compared with 5 to 15 years in the Phase 2 trial
- Both trials are US sites only, with most Phase 2 sites participating in Phase 3

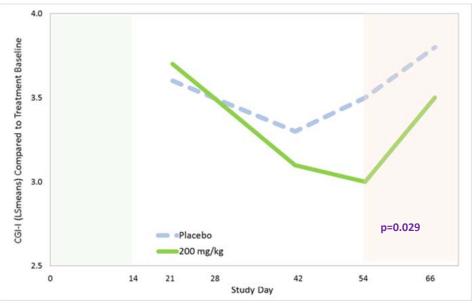


# **RETT SYNDROME PHASE 2 - RSBQ AND CGI-I**

#### Clinical improvement measured by RSBQ

# 

#### Clinical improvement measured by CGI-I



RSBQ is a caregiver rating, reflecting the severity of the syndrome. Mean improvements for trofinetide and placebo were, respectively, 16% and 6%

Study Day

CGI-I is a clinician rating of how much the subject's overall illness has improved or worsened. 22% of subjects on trofinetide received a score of 2 ("much improved") compared with 4% of subjects on placebo

RSBQ and CGI-I measure overall syndrome rather than a particular symptom, reflecting heterogeneity of symptoms and disease-modifying action of trofinetide

Publication: <a href="https://n.neurology.org/content/early/2019/03/27/WNL.0000000000007316">https://n.neurology.org/content/early/2019/03/27/WNL.0000000000007316</a>

# NNZ-2591 FOR MULTIPLE NEURODVELOPMENTAL DISORDERS



### NNZ-2591 FOUNDATIONS IN PLACE TO REALISE VALUE

Phase 2 data in multiple indications 2022 Phase 2 trials in INDs approval by FDA 2021 multiple indications Identify **Initiate GMP** Non-clinical Phase 1 Scale-up 3 EU Orphan 2020 optimum manufacturing safety manufacturing trial designations dose for Phase 2 studies Confirm 3 positive **New patents** blood brain 3 US Orphan 2019 animal in Europe and designations barrier models **Japan** penetration



### **COMMENCING PHASE 2 IN MULTIPLE INDICATIONS**

# Neuren is leveraging experience from Rett and Fragile X programs across CMC, non-clinical, clinical and regulatory to execute rapid development

- ✓ Clear and consistent efficacy in mouse models of Phelan-McDermid, Angelman, Pitt Hopkins and Prader-Willi syndromes
- ✓ Biochemical effects in the brain and dose response confirmed in Phelan-McDermid model
- Demonstrated high oral bioavailability and blood-brain barrier penetration
- Orphan Drug designation from FDA and EMA for Phelan-McDermid,
   Angelman and Pitt Hopkins (Prader-Willi to be submitted)
- ✓ IND-enabling program of non-clinical toxicology and CMC studies completed
- ✓ Drug substance manufacturing scaled up successfully
- √ 7 days dosing safe and well tolerated in Phase 1 trial

FDA meeting and submit INDs in H1 2021 before starting Phase 2 trials in patients – 12 weeks treatment in children



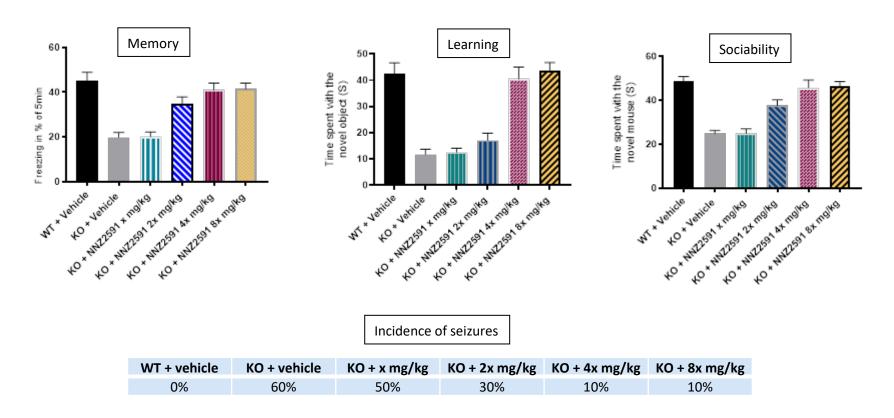
### PHASE 1 CLINICAL TRIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Twice daily dosing for 7 days was safe and well tolerated at all dose levels tested in healthy volunteers
- No SAEs, no clinically significant findings in lab or cardiac tests
- All AEs mild or moderate and resolved during the trial
- At highest dose all AEs were mild apart from one moderate
- Most common AE was drowsiness
- Good safety and tolerability profile for dosing patients in Phase 2



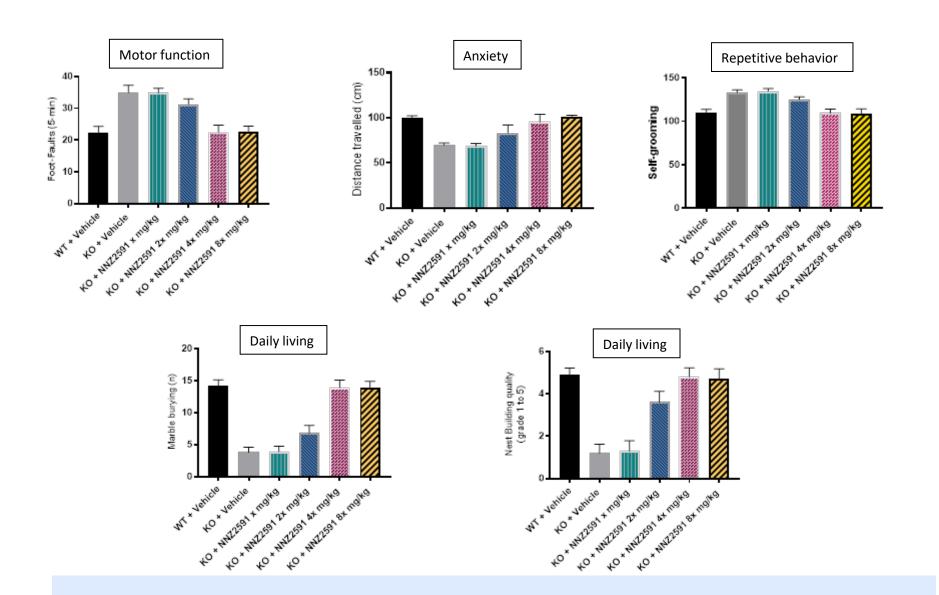
# **EFFICACY AND OPTIMUM DOSE IN PMS MODEL (SHANK3)**

PMS is caused by a deletion or other change in the 22q13 region of chromosome 22, which includes the *SHANK3* gene, or a mutation of the gene. In the *shank3* knockout mouse model, wild type mice and knockout mice were treated with placebo or 4 escalating dose levels of NNZ-2591 for 6 weeks. Results clearly indicate 2<sup>nd</sup> highest dose as optimum dose, informing dose selection for clinical trials in patients.





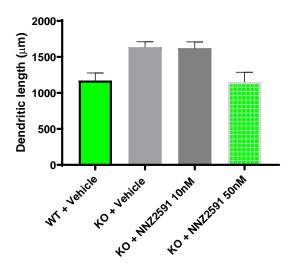
# **EFFICACY AND OPTIMUM DOSE IN PMS MODEL (SHANK3)**

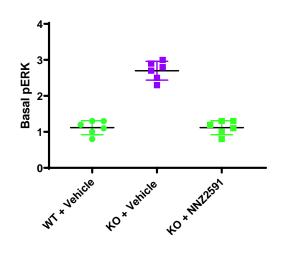


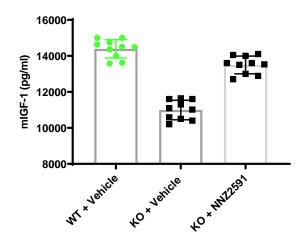


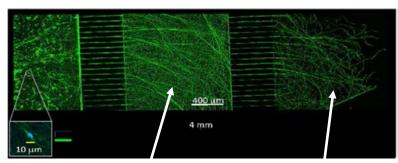
### **BIOCHEMICAL EFFECTS CONFIRMED IN SHANK3 MODEL**

In additional biochemical testing, NNZ-2591 was shown to normalise the abnormal length of dendrite spines between brain cells, the excess activated ERK protein (pERK) and the depressed level of IGF-1 in *shank3* knockout mice.









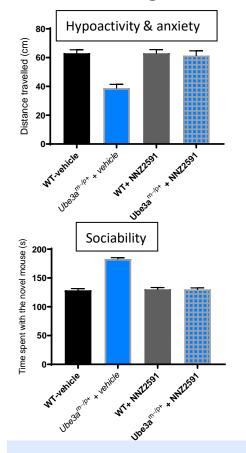
Abnormal dendrites in shank3 knockout mice

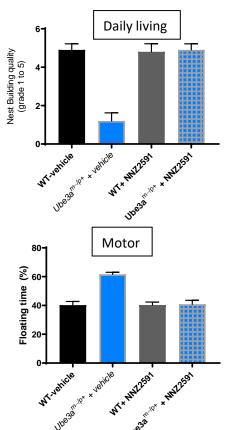
Normalisation after treatment with NNZ-2591

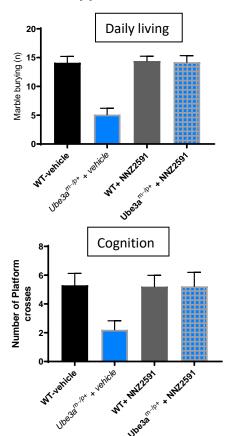


# **EFFICACY IN AS MOUSE MODEL (UBE3A)**

AS is caused by a deletion or mutation in the ubiquitin protein ligase E3A (*UBE3A*) gene on chromosome 15. In the *ube3a* knockout mouse model, which resembles features of AS in humans, wild type and knockout mice were each treated with placebo or NNZ-2591 for 6 weeks. Treatment with NNZ-2591 normalized all the deficits in the knockout mice, **including eliminating seizures**, and had no effect on the wild type mice.



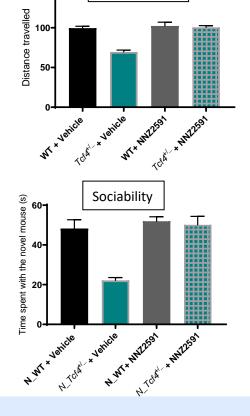






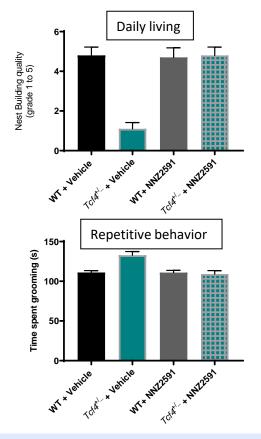
# **EFFICACY IN PTHS MOUSE MODEL (TCF4)**

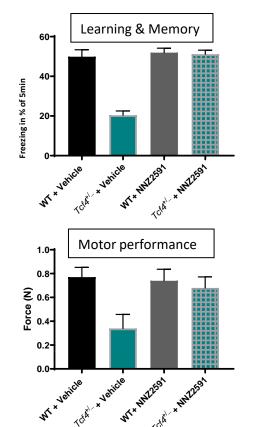
PTHS is caused by the loss of one copy or a mutation of the *TCF4* gene on chromosome 18. In the *tcf4* mutation mouse model, which exhibits features of PTHS in humans, wild type mice and knockout mice were treated with placebo or NNZ-2591 for 6 weeks. Treatment with NNZ-2591 normalized all the deficits in the knockout mice and had no effect on the wild type mice.



Hypoactivity

150-

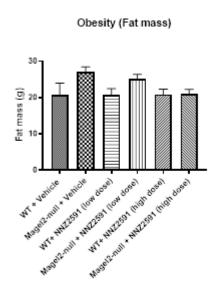


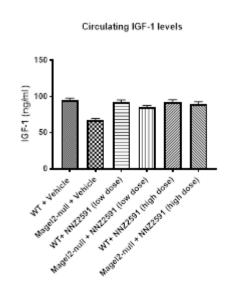


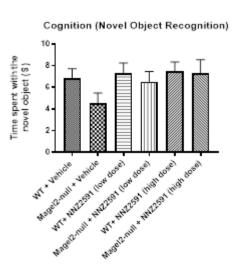


# **EFFICACY IN PWS MOUSE MODEL (Magel2-null)**

PWS is caused by mutations in the 15q11-q13 region of chromosome 15. In the Magel2-null mouse model, which exhibits features of PWS in humans, wild type mice and knockout mice were treated with placebo or NNZ-2591 for 6 weeks. Treatment with NNZ-2591 normalized fat mass, insulin levels, IGF-1 levels and all the behavioral deficits in the knockout mice and had no effect on the wild type mice.



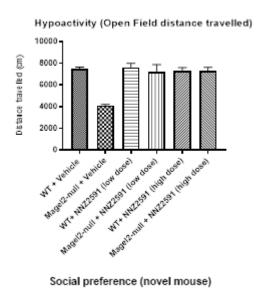


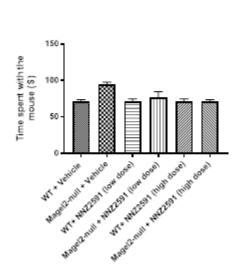


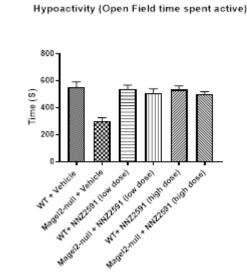
Insulin levels (pM)							
-	l <i>Maael2</i> -null	NNZ-2591	plus NNZ-2591	·	<i>Magel2</i> -null plus NNZ-2591 high dose		
110	173	112	143	115	119		



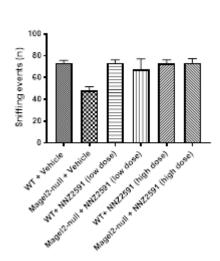
# **EFFICACY IN PWS MOUSE MODEL (Magel2-null)**

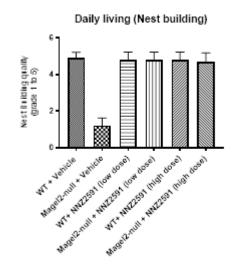




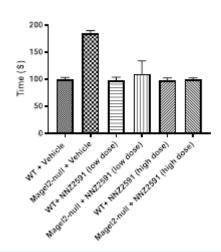


Social Interaction (Sniffing events)







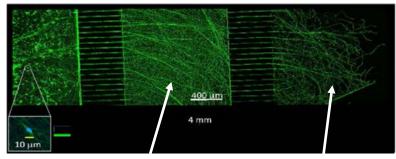


# **APPENDIX**



### **CORRECTING IMPAIRED SIGNALING IN NEURONS**

- Neurodevelopmental disorders result from different gene mutations, but all feature impaired signaling between neurons, with abnormal length and density of the dendritic spines that connect the neurons via synapses
- This impaired signaling causes behavioral, cognitive, motor and autonomic problems
- Trofinetide and NNZ-2591 are synthetic analogs of naturally occurring molecules in the brain that can correct 3 characteristics common to these disorders:
  - Reduce inflammation associated with excessive inflammatory cytokines
  - Normalise abnormally low levels of IGF-1
  - Normalise the microglia phenotype for effective synaptic pruning and maintenance
- This restores the normal balance between protein synthesis forming new spines and maintenance of spines by microglia, correcting the length and density



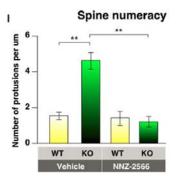
Abnormal dendrites in shank3 knockout mice

Normalisation after treatment with NNZ-2591

# Correction of abnormal dendritic spines in mouse models:

Left - Phelan-McDermid syndrome (shank3)

Right - Fragile X syndrome (fmr1)



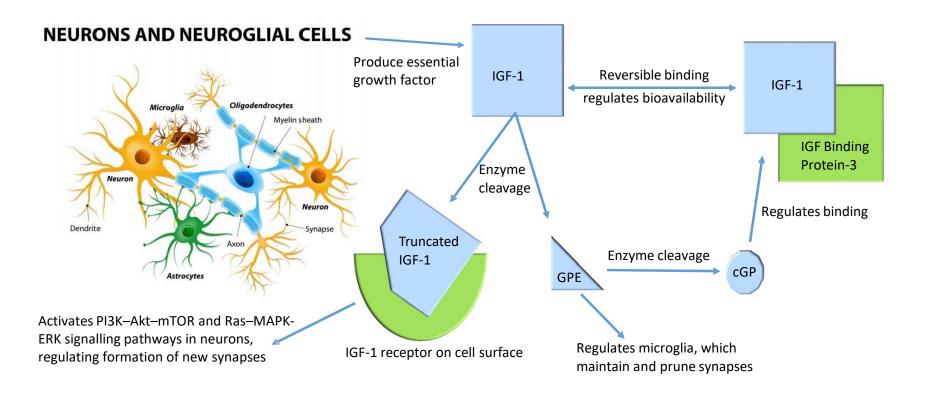
Correction in fmr1 knockout mice after treatment with trofinetide (NNZ-2566)



### NORMAL BIOLOGY OF IGF-1 IN THE BRAIN

Neuren's trofinetide and NNZ-2591 are synthetic analogues of GPE and cGP which occur naturally in the brain:

- Replicate the activity of the natural molecules
- More stable and orally bioavailable
- Readily cross the blood-brain barrier

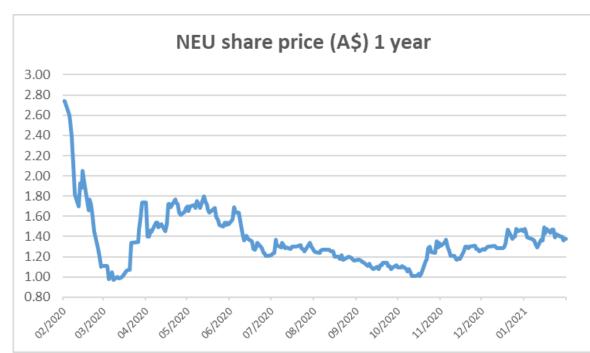




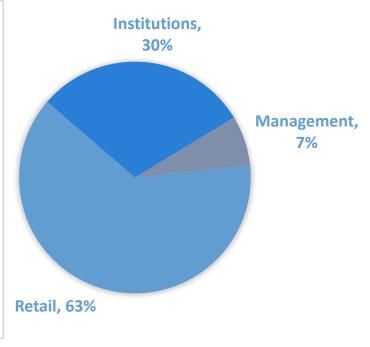
# **STOCK INFORMATION (ASX: NEU)**

Current risk-adjusted valuations: Bell Potter - \$3.10, MST Access - \$3.93

52 week price range: A\$0.97 - A\$2.82



Share register composition (114 million quoted shares – top 20 hold 50%)



A\$24 million cash at 31 December 2020 A\$20m placement at \$1.40 in June 2020 supported by institutions in Aus, NZ, UK, Hong Kong



### MANAGEMENT AND BOARD

- Management team has devised and executed Neuren's Orphan Drug programs since 2013
- Extensive international pharmaceutical business experience
- Successfully developed drugs from pre-clinical through to FDA approval
- Executed multiple partnering transactions



Jon Pilcher Chief Executive Officer



Larry Glass Chief Science Officer



Dr Clive Blower
VP Technical Affairs



Dr Nancy Jones VP Clinical Development



James Shaw
VP Clinical Operations



Patrick Davies
Non-exec Chairman



Dianne Angus
Non-exec Director



Dr Jenny Harry Non-exec Director



Dr Trevor Scott Non-exec Director



Lauren Frazer
CFO & Co. Secretary

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